dential elector from each congressional district were then named.

Trouble in Nebraska Also. OMAHA, Neb., April 13.-After a delay of over two hours the Democratic State convention was called to order at 9:45 this evening, in Exposition Hall. A motion to appoint the committee on oredentials immediately precipitated a lively contest over the two delegations from Douglas county, in which Omaha is located. One delegation favored the selection of Governor Boyd as a delegate at large to the Chicago convention, and the other delegation opposed him, preferring Euclid Martin, one of the Nebraska world's fair commissioners. After an hours' contention the chairman made a ruling permitting the Boyd delegation to vote, and denying that right to the contesting delegates. A motion that the chair appoint a committee on credentials of nine members was then passed by a vote of 343 to 163. The chairman named a committee friendly to Governor Boyd, and the convention, at 11:15, took a recess without the formality of a motion.

TO BE IGNORED.

Michigan Republicans Will Pay No Attention to the Miner Law-To-Day's Convention. DETROIT, Mich., April 13 .- The principal hotels are crowded to-night with delegates to the Republican State convention, which will meet to-morrow morning at the Detroit Rink. There will be eight hundred delegates in the convention, which will be called to order by secretary Bates as the chairman, Senator McMillan is detained at Washington. Ex-Congressman E. P. Allen, of Ypsilanti, will be the temporary chairman, and there is talk tonight of making ex-Senator T. W. Palmer permanent chairman. The convention will select four delegates-at-large to the national covention and four alternates; and it will also choose two presidential electorsat-large, thus ignoring the Miner law, enacted by the last Legislature, which provides for the selection of presidential electors by vote of the people.

"It is our intention," said Hon. H. W. Duffield, to-night, "to ignore the Miner law and then proceed to test its validity after the convention. That law is contrary to the language and spirit of the Constitution. It gerrymanders the State into twelve congressional districts, in one of alone there is about half the Republican majority of the State, It also assumes to divide the State into two districts at large for the election of the two additional electors at large. One of these is overwhelmingly Republican, while the Democrats hope to carry the other. The legal grounds upon which we purpose to contest this law are that by its provisions the entire vote of the State of Michigan is not cast for a single elector. This bill emasculates the State politically, and entirely deprives her of her statebood. The Constitution of the United States says that "each State shall appoint as many electors for President and Vice-president of the United States as there are Senators and Representatives in Congress." The Miner law violates this provisions because it does not permit the State to select its electors at all, but provides for their election by districts. We will adhere to the old practice by which the State elected all her electors on the general ticket, and will nominate a full electoral ticket to-morrow. We will then, immediately after the convention, institute legal proceedings to test the constitutionality of the Miner law.

When asked, to-night, by a reporter, as to his position and the probable action of the convention, General Alger said: "I think it not only probable but proper that the convention should approve the administration of President Harrison. The President has given us a good administration, and is entitled to this recognition from all good Republicans. I am certainly making no war on President Harrison, and I do not think that to aspire to this high honor is to be construed as making war on any other Republican who may cherish the same aspiration. It is an honor to which any citizen may properly aspire without in the least easting reflection upon any other candidate for the same honor.'

"Do you expect the delegates to the national convention to be instructed for "I do not; neither do I desire it. If the convention should do such a thing. I would release the delegates from their instruc-

tions at once. I shall be gratified to receive the indorsement of the Republicans of my State, but I would not desire the support of any delegates whom it would be necessary to bind to me by instructions." In the county convention here to-day there was a bitter fight between the factions headed by Senator McMillan and Mayor Pingree, for control of the State central committee, and this fight may be taken up to-morrow, as the convention will have the appointment of a chairman of the State central committee, and Senator McMillan M. Duffield and William H. Elliott to-day as delegates to the national convention from the First district (Detroit) removes them from the contest for delegates at large, and the field is now narrowed down to ex-Senator Palmer, D. M. Ferry and Mayor Pingree.

The Third district Republican convention to-day elected as delegates to the Minneapolis convention Senator Charles Austin and Charles L. Truesdell. The delegates are willing to give a complimentary vote to Alger if the delegation from the whole State so desire, but they will not stay in for him in opposition to Harrison.

## TEXAS WHITE REPUBLICANS.

Son of Gen. Sam Houston Nominated for Governor-An Address to the People. Dallas, Tex., April 13.-The white State Republican convention effected permanent organization to-day. An address was presented by James P. Newcomb, of San Antonio. It opened by appealing to the white Republicans of Texas to rescue the Republican party in the State from its present degraded hopeless condition. After depicting the ascendency of ignorance and illiteracy in the party, which culminated in mob violence at its State conventions, the address says: "We feel justified in assuming that the Republican party of Texas has no organization such as is recognized as requisite to constitute a political party; that it has degenerated into an unorganized mob. whose bi-annual gatherings have wrought disgrace and despair to our patriotic people who hold to the tenets of the Republican party. Therefore the necessity has arisen for the organization of the Republican party of Texas independent of its history and upon the furthe intelligence and manhood of the white American citizens can any party in this country hope for growth and success. We will call upon the white Republicans of the State and those in sympathy with the principles and politices of the Kepublican party to come to our aid and give us their assistance in building up Republicanism in

The first resolution favors the present tariff. The second deprecates the force bill and hopes it will not be brought up

again in Congress. A full ticket was nominated for State officers, as follows: Governor, Andrew Jackson Houston, of Dallas, son of Gen. Sam Houston: Lieutenant-governor, J. P. Newcomb, of San Antonie; Controller, J B. Schmidt, of Denison; Treasurer, R. B. Beer, of Harris county; Superintendent of Public Instruction, D. C. Kalp, of Iowa Park; Land Commissioner, R. W. Thompson, of Harrison county; Attorney-general. Walter Davis, of El Paso.

For delegates at large to the Minneapolis convention-Judge A. B. Norton, Judge Henry Cline, S. J. Wright and G. W. Mc-Cormick. John Nevins, of Grayson county, and Dr. Max Uritz, the latter founder of the White movement, were nominated electors at large, and thus was the new Republican party of Texas formally given

## TAGGART MAY ASK HIM.

Cleveland Intimates that He Would Like an Invitation from the State Committee. Exectat to the Indianapolis Journal.

FORT WAYNE, Ind., April 13.-Grover Cleveland will not come to Indiana before the national convention unless he comes upon the invitation of the State Central Committee. This statement is made upon the authority of Mr. A. S. Lauferty, a prominent merchant of this city, who was sent tion of the Democracy of Allen county to | trip.

ask the "Stuffed" to come to Fort Wayne and make a speech to counteract the active work of the anti-Cleveland men. Said Mr. Lauferty: "I spent two hours with Mr. Cleveland, but I did not succeed in securing a promise to accept my invitation. In fact he said he would not come to Indians unless he came by invitation of the State central committee. He has no idea of accepting the invitation to deliver an address of dedication of the new Normal school building at Valparaiso, albeit it has been extensively advertised that he will do so. During my stay with Mr. Cleve-land I rose to go when a bundle of cards were sent in, but Mr. Cleveland bade me remain, saying: 'Those are only newspaper

men; they can wait.' "Mr. Cleveland knows all that is going on in Indiana. Just before I left him he received telegrams from Indianapolis and Fort Wayne advising him of the action of the county conventions. He read them carefully, smiled, 'winked the other eve,' as though pleased at the news, and handed the dispatches over to his private secretary to be filed away."

THE COHOES OUTRAGE.

Ballot-Boxes Stolen to Protect Betters-The Republican Ticket Elected. TROY, N. Y., April 13.-The Cohoes Republicaus elect Henry A. Strong Mayor and William B. Leroy police commissioner, and carry two of the five wards, with a tie on alderman in another. The ballotboxes of the Fourth ward, which were taken to the police station when the special policemen raided the polling places yesterday, are still here, but the Republican candidate for Mayor has a plurelity of three hundred, not counting this ward, which was a strong Republican ward. It is said that the chief cause of the police raid the seizure of the ballot-boxes was that a large amount of money was bet on which of the rival Democratic candidates would receive the most votes. The police were under Gorman's control and the inspectors were Garside men, and when the reports received at the police station, showed that Garside's vote led Gorman's, to save the Gorman backers' money the raid was made on the Fourth ward boxes. The excitement caused by the seizure of the boxes by special policemen was unprecedented in Cohoes. Infuriated citizens thronged the streets and threatened the police. The public wrath was great, and was freely expressed. At one time the captain of the militia was ordered to have his men in readiness; it was feared their services might be needed.

Vermont Republicans Name Delegates. MONTPELIER, Vt., April 13 .- The Republican State convention to-day selected Hou. Henry Powers, of Morrisville, to head the delegation to Minneapolis. The other delegates at large selected are: L. D. Hazen, of St. Johnsbury: Col. George Childs, of St. Albans, and Col. Fred E. Smith, of Montpelier. The alternates are: A. A. Fletcher, of Middlebury; Nathan Hobson, of Brighton, Jefferson R. Julson, of Arlington, and O. B. Boyce, of Barre. The following platform was adopted:

Resolved—That we recognize in the well known principles that have guided the Republican party in its illustrious career a safe rule of action for the government of its future policy.
Resolved, That the Republicans of Vermont regard protection for American industries, an honest dollar and an honest ballot the leading considerations, deserving continued and earnest national indorsement. Resolve, That we indorse the administration of

President Harrison as pure and progressive and in the treatment of foreign questions broadly and courgeously American. The Northwest Solid for Harrison.

NEW YORK, April 13.-Governor Merriam, of Minnesota, was at the Fifth Avenue Hotel yesterday. He had just came from Washington and other points further south. He had been for two or three weeks in Georgia, he said. The Governor said be had been impressed with the apparent strength of the Farmers' Alliance in such of the Southern States as he had visited. They were organized in great numbers and, according to surface indications, would be a potent factor in the coming political campaign.

"In the Northwest," he said, "the Republicans are apparently solid for Harrison. There does not seem to be any other candidate of prominence in sight, now that Blaine is out of the field. The Democrats of Minnesota, and of the entire Northwest, as nearly as I can size up the situation, are

Big Republican Gain at Albany.

ALBANY, N. Y., April 13 .- James Manning, Democrat, was elected Mayor yesterday by over five thousand majority, defeating J. M. Wardner, the postmaster of Albany. Two years ago Manning defeated Fuller, Republican, by over seven thousand majority. The entire Democratic ticket was elected yesterday by over five thousand majority. The Republicans gamed two in the Board of Aldermen and two in the Board of Supervisors.

Mr. Roosevelt at Work Again.

CHICAGO, April 13.-Civil-service Commissioner Roosevelt to-day caused a sensation among politicians here by starting an active investigation of infractions of the law prohibiting the solicitation of campaign funds from federal office-holders. It s said he secured enough information to make it exceedingly interesting for one or two Republican national committeemen, and also for an agent of the national com-

Preparing for Fraud. ALBANY, N. Y., April 13.-The Assembly to-day passed the bill reducing the number of inspectors of election in each election district of New York city from four to three. The bill was made a special order in the Senate for to-morrow. If this bill becomes a law there will be two Democratic and one Republican inspector to every district in New York, instead of two Democrats and two Republicans, as now.

Great Victory at Jersey City. JERSEY CITY, April 13 .- At noon to-gay returns from the election precincts of the city, with the exception of six, gave the following vote for Mayor: Wanser, Republican, 14.699; McDermott, Democrat, 11.372: Wanser's majority, 3,327. The missing returns may change these figures slightly, but can in no way alter the results.

Political Notes. Governor Russell and Congressman Harter were the principal speakers last night at the Boston Jefferson day celebration. The New York congressional gerrymander bill has been passed by both branches of

the Legislature, and has gone to the Gov-The Republicans of Florida met in State convention, at Tallahasse, yesterday, but at a late hour last night had not perfected permanent organization.

The national convention delegates selected by the Republicans of the Sixth Michigan district were uninstructed, but they are said to favor Harrison. Jefferson's birthday was celebrated at Ann Arbor, Mich., last night by the Demoeratic Club of the University of Michigan.

Prominent Democrats from all over the State were present, and speeches were made by Hon. Don. M. Dickinson, Governor Winans and others. Early yesterday morning it was reported that the Democrats of Jersey City. N. J., enraged at their defeat at the polis, had attempted to burn the City Hall, where the returns had been placed. Later in the day it was given out that the fire was

caused by an electric wire. The damage

was triffing. Two Workmen Fall from a High Place. NEW YORK, April 13.-Two men working on the cupola of the new Hotel Waldorf. which the Astors are building at Thirtythird street and Fourth avenue, fell this afternoon. Both were killed. They were George Pfinner, aged sixty-seven, and Rudolph Sherky, aged forty-five. The building is of immense height, and the bodies were crushed out of all semblance to human beinga.

Rate Reduced to Chicago.

Taking effect Friday, April 15, and until further notice, the rate from Indianapolis to as a representative of the Cleveland fac- Chicago will be reduced by the Pennsylvania

TRYING TO CLEAR HIS SKIRTS

Cooper Examines Witnesses Before the Raum Investigation Committee.

Many Pension Call Slips, with the Indiana Congressman's Name Attached, Thrown Out by Commissioners Black and Tanner.

Direct Evidence That Cooper Knew What His Private Secretary Was Doing.

Testimony of James Morgan, of Bloomington Ind .- Big Batch of Bills Passed by the Senate-A Young Texas Objector Rebuked.

COOPER TURNS INTERROGATOR,

But Discovers Nothing That Will Help Him Out of His Trouble.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, April 13.-The House committee continued the Pension Office investigation to-day, and, incidentally, investigated Mr. Cooper. The latter called as a witness David L. Gitt, a real estate agent, formerly chief of a division in the Pension Office, who had made an affidavit that the slips of Maring, Slusher & Co., bearing Mr. Cooper's signature, had been thrown in the waste-basket by order of General Black. Mr. Gitt said the affidavit should be modified to apply to Commissioner Tanner, in 1889, and General Black. Winess said that the office was overrun with congressional call-slips, and General Black was opposed to the system, and issued a general order to prevent the abuse, which was fast growing and retarding the work of the office. The Pension Office regarded the firm of Maring, Slusher & Co. as absolutely irresponsible, and their slips came in with the name of different members of Congress. It seemed as though this firm dumped their entire docket in the office. In answer to Chairman Wheeler witness said the congressional call-slips and privileges was an evil, and a system which appeared to him as imperative to eradicate.

John Raum, an attorney and a son of the Commissioner of Pensions, was also called as a witness. Mr. Cooper, before questioning the witness, cited the case of a man named Ingram, who wrote to the Pension Office that he had employed an attorney named Tierney to prosecute his claim, but after three years the attorney had failed to secure the pension and now the claimant wanted to look after the matter himself. The case was then reviewed by Mr. Cooper and Mr. Raum. Mr. Cooper wanted to snow that the Pension Office had sent the claimant Ingram one of its blanks, and in doing so had stamped John Raum's name on the blank in order to give Raum the claim. The papers in the case were then produced Among them was the paper reputed to be the Pension Office blank, which had Raum's name stamped upon it. The papers in the ease did not show that any power of attor-ney had been given. Mr. Raum did not remember the individual case, but said he would look it up in his office records. He further said that he had never gone to the Pension Office to get blanks or stationery, nor, to his knowledge, had he used any. E. M. Hopkins testified that he had been dismissed from the Pension Office because he Lad been seen in company with corre-

spondent Fleming. James Morgan, of Bloomington, Ind. lawyer and pension attorney, testified that he never, directly or indirectly, paid Mi Cooper any money for information regarding pension cases, except the \$25 sent through Mr. Cooper in January last for Hersey, for work the latter had done. The witness testified that when Mr. Cooper introduced him to Hersey in the latter's of fice in this city, Mr. Cooper did say that if he [witness] had anything worth paying

for Hersey would do it for him. This statement is a contradiction of Mr. Cooper in his explanation to the Commissioner. In this connection, however, the witness said that the remark was made only as a recommendation of Hersey as the lawyer. In the course of questioning an important point was brought out. The witness testified that the letter containing the \$25 which he sent to Mr. Cooper for work done by Hersey was a decoy, sent at the instance of Special Examiner Greenwalt, who took witness's deposition in Indiana. Greenwalt said the department wanted to connect Mr. Cooper with the actions of Hersey. The letter was sent registered in order to get Mr. Cooper's signature and clinch the matter. It has been previously shown that Mr. Cooper returned the \$25 to Mr. Morgan, saying that he could not accept the money for Hersey.

MUCH TALK BUT LITTLE WORK.

The Texas Objector Taught a Lesson in the House—The Navy Under Fire WASHINGTON, April 23.-The truth of the old saying that "chickens come home

to roost," was exemplified in the House to-day. Mr. Bailey of Texas, one of the youngest members of the House, has prominently come to the fore recently by his attitude of objecting to the passage of any measure unless there is a voting quorum. His position, though a sound one, is a very unpopular one, and when he called up a bill of a local character the opportunity to hoist him by his own petard was not lost. Mr. Chipman of Michigan was the engineer, and he so worked his engine that the bill, though it was finally passed, was passed without a quoru m vot-

Then the House embarked upon the sea of naval expenditures. The voyage was a smooth one until the proposition for a new cruiser was signaled. Then the engines were stopped while Mr. Holman could explain why the new vessel was not legitimately upon the ocean. It was believed. however, by Messrs. Herbert, Bontelle and Dingley that there was nothing piratical about the craft which was sighted, but the consultation among the navigators was sufficiently long to delay the bark of legislation for several hours. Captain Shively gave his casting vote in favor of meeting the new-comer squarely, and Mr. Holman then cleared the decks for action with a motion to strike out the new naval establishment clause, but mate Bontelle, who believed the House was able to cope with two more battle-ships, which would cost \$4,000,000 each, suggested that the one already sighted should be so reinforced, but pending a decision on this point the officers concluded that they would have another consultation.

The clause appropriating \$250,000 towards the construction of a dry-dock at Algiers, La., was stricken out of the bill after a short discussion. Then Mr. Holman raised a point of order against the clause authorizing the President to have constructed, by contract, one armored cruiser of about eight thousand tons displacement of the general type of the New York, to cost, exclusive of armament, not more than \$3,500,000.

Mr. Boutelle and Mr. Dingle; of Maine and Mr. Herbert of Alabama argued that the point was not well taken, and cited de-Chairmen Cox, McCreary, Wellborn and Butterworth on the same point, in which they held that such a point could not be sus-tained. It had been held, they contended, for twelve years that a proposition to increase the navy was in continuation of existing work, and was, therefore, in order. After debate the Chair delivered his decision. He said that if the question were an original one he would be inclined to regard the point as well taken under the provisions of Rule 21. But as an analogous question had been decided in former congresses, the Chair was constrained to over-

rule the point of order.

Mr. Holman then moved to strike out the appropriation for the new cruiser. Mr. Boutelle of Maine moved to amend the

thousand tons, at a cost not exceeding \$1,-000,000 each. Pending action the committee rose and the House adjourned.

MANY BILLS PASSED.

Senators Rush Through a Large Number of Measures, Some of Them Being Important. WASHINGTON, April 13 .- In the Senate to-day Mr. Dolph, from the committee on foreign relations, reported back House bill for the absolute prohibition of the coming of Chinese into the United States with a substitute. He stated that the substitute was the bill passed by the Senate to continue in force for ten years all laws now in torce prohibiting and regulating the coming of Chinese persons and persons of Chinese descent. After discussion the bill and substitute were placed on the calendar.

The resolutions heretofore offered by Mr. Stewart, calling on the Secretary of the Treasury for certain information as to the purchase of silver, the coinage of standard silverdollars and the issue of treasury notes. was taken up, and Mr. Morgan addressed the Senate in favor of the free coinage of silver. At the close of Mr. Morgan's speech Mr. Stewart's resolution went over without action, and the Senate proceeded to the consideration of bills on the calendar, passing among others the following:

To reorganize the artillery and infantry of the army and to merease its efficiency. To extend the jurisdiction of the Supreme Court, so as to include judgments and decrees of the highest courts of the Cherokee, Creek, Seminole, Choctaw and Chickasaw tribes of Indians Authorizing the Secrefary of War to cause an exploration and survey to be made of the interior of the Territory of Alaska.

House bill to establish lineal promotion throughout the several lines of artillery, cavalry and infantry of the army. For the examination and promotion of enlisted men of the army to the grade of second lieu-

To increase the pay of certain non-commis-sioned officers of the army. It fixes the follow-ing rates of pay after July 1, 1891: Sergeantmajor, \$30; regimental quartermaster-sergeant, \$30; first sergeant, \$34; sergeant, \$20; corporal, \$16, and all to receive the jucrease of pay for length of service as provided by law.

To amend the railroad-land forfeiture acts so as to permit actual settlers to purchase the land within three years after forfeiture. For the relief of purchasers of timber lands and stone lands under the act of June 3, 1878. To provide for fixing a uniform standard of classification and grading of wheat, corn, oats,

To pay the Yankton Sioux Indians who served as scouts under General Suller in 1864. For the preservation and custody of the records of the volunteer armies-creating a record and pension office in the War Department. Fer the better control of and to promote the safety of national banks. This is the bill passed by the House six or eight weeks ago, with amendments recommended by the finance committee, and with an additional amendment offered by Mr. Hoar, establishing a stricter rule than now exists as to the bonds of cashiers and other officers. A conference with the House on these amendments was asked, and Senators Sherman, Aldrich and Harris were appointed conferees on the part of the Senate.

Bills Introduced by Mr. Waugh.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, April 13.-Representative Waugh to-day introduced bills to pension Maria Waugh and to correct the military records of George W. Freeman and Edwin Rushers. He also presented in the House petitions from his district as follows: From Owen Grange, No. 556, of Indiana, for legislation encouraging silk culture; for the enactment of a law extending the free delivery of mail into rural districts; for the enactment of a law prohibiting gambling in farm products; prohibiting the adulteration of the bill dofining lard, and imposing a tax on compound lard, and for the enactment of a law prohibiting contracts discrediting legal-tender currency.

An Old Story Revamped

WASHINGTON, April 13 .- The Post will say to-morrow that it has from reliable authority that an agreement between the United States and the Italian government in relation to the New Orleans affair (the killing of the Italians) has been reached, and that the United States has agreed to pay 125.000 france to the families of the Italians who were killed.

Erecial to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, April 13 .- Hop. Thomas McSheehy, formerly of Indianapolis, now a well-known lawger of Fremont, O., is in the city for a few days.

General Notes.

A. B. Gates and wife, of Indianapolis, are at the Arington. The world's fair officers and directors, who are urging Congress to make an appropriation of \$7,000,000, say that the total expense of the undertaking will be \$20,000 .-

The offers of silver to the treasury to-day aggregated 608,000 onness. The amount purchased was 420,000 ounces, at prices ranging from 86.48 to 86.6) cents. Secretary Elkins to-day directed the depot quartermaster at St. Louis to send immediately 300 tents to the Mayor of Columbus, Miss., for the benefit of the sufferers from the recent floods.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Cedar Rapids, Ia., reported a heavy snow-

Mrs. Hattie Ormond and her nine-monthsold babe were accidentally drowned in a Jealousy caused George M. Mosey, a Boston variety actor, to fatally shoot his wife

yesterday. She was eighteen years old, and an actress. Mrs. Henry Niernan, of St. Louis, left locked in her house her two children, aged two and four years. The house caught fire and the children perished in the flames. The directors of the Southern Lumber Manufacturers' Association have raised the

thousand. This change is to take effect on Judge Thomas H. Stewart, of Denver, sued the Republican, of that city, for \$110,-000 damages, alleging libel. The jury re-turned a verdict of \$22 in favor of the

price of yellow pine lumber 50 cents a

plaintiff. At Huntington, W. Va., April 2, Bettie Adams, fifteen years old, refused to marry Allen Harrison. The latter killed her, and yesterday was convicted of murder in the

first degree. Louisville Auberton, alias Louis Harriott, a farm hand, who murdered Mrs. Charles T. Leonard, wife of his employer, Nov. 27. 1891, was hanged at Freehold, N

J., yesterday. Three prospectors suffered terribly for lack of water while crossing the Colorado desert. One of their number, named Me-Bride, perished from thirst, and his bones he bleaching on the sands.

The New York Assembly has passed the excise bill, which was framed by the Lignor-dealers' Association. The police-spy clause of the bill, which related to police in citizens' clothing, was killed.

Harry Haggart, a cavalryman, was killed by a gambler named Davis, at Kingfisher, O. T., yesterday. The soldier discovered that he was being cheated with loaded dice. A row resulted, with the result noted. The Grant monument-fund committee, of New York, officially announced, yesterday, that Hop. Chauncey M. Depew has been appointed the orator on the occasion of the laying of the corner-stone of General Grant's tomb.

The friends of the Rev. Dr. Edward Everett Hale have arranged to give the distinguished clergyman and author a reception at the Hotel Vendome, Boston, next Monday afternoon, on the occasion of his seventieth birthday.

While the congressional "sweating" system committee was making a tour of Boston the members ran across a "sweat"-shop where scarlet fever existed. It was a tenement clothing factory, and the congressmen refused to enter. Twelve of the soldiers guarding the convict stockades at Coal Creek, Tenn., are in

chains on the charge of mutiny. They formed a society called "The Dirty Dozen." whose sworn object was the hanging of two non-commissioned officers. While the life-saving crew at Bandon, Ore., were practicing. Tuesday evening, their boat capsized and Captain Nelson and three of a crew of eight were drowned. The names of two of the drawned crew were William Green and Edv ard Summers.

The third is unknown. Annual Meeting of the Whisky Trust. paragraph for the increase of the navy by providing for two fast sea-going coast-line battle-ships of a displacement of about ten and Cattle-feeders' Company was held at Highest of all in Leavening Power .- Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Trust headquarters in this city to-day. The stockholders favored the policy of President Greenhut to out prices to defeat opposition. The recent indictment of the officers of the company at Boston for alleged violation of the Sherman auti-trust law was mentioned by Mr. Greenant, who stated that the best legal talent the company could employ was of the opinion the government could not maintain its suit. The sales of the company's product for the year ending March 31, 1892, were shown to have increased nearly ten million gallons in the last four years, and to be 923,546 gallons increase over the previous year. the total sales for the last year being 45,661,717

FEDERATION OF WOMEN'S CLUBS.

The Coming Meeting at Chicago, and Conditions on Which Representation Can Be Had.

To the Club Women of Indiana:

The biennial meeting of the Central Federation of Women's Clubs will be held in Chicago, May 11, 12 and 13. Each club belonging to the federation is entitled to be represented by its president, or a vicepresident, and by one other delegate. All members of clubs belonging to the federation may attend the meeting and take part in debates, but cannot vote. The dues from each club are \$10, and can be sent to the treasurer, Mrs. Jane O. Cooper, care Mrs. George W. Huddleston, No. 903 Adams street, West Chicago. The president and delegate from each club should be provided with credentials from corresponding secretary of that club, and should present them to the recording secretary of the federation on the morning of May 11, at 9 o'clock. The social headquarters, when the federation is not in session, will be at the Palmer House, where rooms, with or without board, may be obtained at greatly reduced rates. Accredited delegates desiring entertainment can obtain it by addressing Mrs. William Thayer Brown, 4637 Greenwood avenue, Chicago. Applications for private entertainment, or for rooms at the Palmer House, should be sent to Mrs. Brown before April 20. Every federated club in Indiana is asked to send to the undersigned the number of its members that will probably be present at this biennial meeting. The conditions for membership in the federation are that a club must be composed of women only, it must have been organized at least one year, its constitution must show that one of its purposes is the literary culture and improvement of its members, and it must pay into the treasury of the general Federation a fee of \$10 every two years. Any club of women in Indiana conforming to the first three conditions, and willing to conform to the fourth, with is not now a member of the federation, may become so upon application to the undersigned. The sessions of the bienuial meeting will

be open to the public, and therefore the attendance of members of non-federated clubs will be welcomed. If any Indiana club hesitates to enter the federation because it doubts whether the advantage of membership would offset the expense, it is believed that all doubts would be removed by attending the meeting in Chicago. Definite statements as to the place of meeting, with the complete programme, will appear in the May number of the Homemaker. Indiana clubs, federated or nonfederated, desiring further information concerning this meeting, are invited to address inquiries to May Wright Sewall, chairman of committee on federation correspondence, No. 343 North Pennsylvania street, Indianapolis.

EVIDENTLY AN IMPOSTOR. The Press Club Found That the Applicant

Was No Good. Buffalo Express. The Press Club in Extraditionville has become more particular of late. It now investigates the qualifications of applicants for membership. Lately a man came to work as street-car reporter on the Microphone. He promptly applied for admit-tance to the Press Club, and the club as promptly sent a committee to wait on him. "Mr. Dogwatch," said the chairman of the delegation, "how long have you been in the business?"

"Twenty years." "Then, of course, you're the man who wrote the 'Jerked-to-Jesus' headline for old Storey!" "No, sir. I worked on the Chicago Times then, but I didn't write that headline." "Um-um. That's very strange. But I know you now. You went down in the

diving-bell with Tom Maguire at the wreck off Halifax?" "No, sir. I regret to say I never worked with Mr. Maguire." "To be sure, I forgot. But, surely, you rode to Merv with Edmund O'Donovant"

"I never was a war correspondent, sir." "Never knew MacGahant" "Never lent money to Ross Raymond?"

"Never knew John C. Reid when he was reading proof in Chicago?" "Never was managing editor of the New York Press?'

The committee subsequently reported to the club that the applicant possessed no qualifications, and probably was an impos-

"God Bless You My Children."

San Francisco. April 13.-Pretty Anita

Baldwin, who recently eloped with her consin, has made up with her father, "Lucky" Baldwin. The old millionaire fell ill several days ago, and when the girl learned he was sick she went to his bedside to wait on him as she used to do. The reconciliation between them is said to be complete, and the old man will forgive George for carrying off his favorite.

Three Men Killed.

Lima, O., April 18 .- A violent explosion took place to-day, in Hardie's machineshop, by which three men were killed. A piston-head brought to the shop for repairs was put into the furnace and the heat converted the water it contained into steam. The furnace was blown to fragments. W. Henry, Frank Josett and Dave Hogan were struck by the red-hot frag-ments, and almost instantly killed.

Questionable Fun. Minneavolis Times.

Dr. Parkburst had a lot of fun if he didn't secure any convictions. It is not every divine who sees a dozen naked women playing leap-frog in a quiet, orderly house.



have, sickness, suffering and de-spair, or health, strength, and spirit? You can take your choice. All chronic diseases and derangements peculiar to women are permanently cured

Which will you

It removes the obstructions and suppressions which cause trouble and misery. For periodical pains, internal inflammation, ulceration and kindred ailments, it is a positive remedy. The system is invigorated, the blood enriched, digestion improved, melanchely and nervousness dispelled. It's a legitimate medicine, the only one that's quaranteed to give satisfaction in the cure of all

"female complaints."

If it fails to give satisfaction, in any case, the money paid for it is returned.

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mond frames of weldless steel tubing, but with this approved upon.

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TOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS - THE IN-Northes To Stockholders The IN-dianapolis and Northeastern Railroad Company. INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., March 29, 1892. The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Indianapolis and Northeastern Railroad Company will be held at the principal office of the company, in the city of In-dianapolis. Indiana, on Thursday, the twenty eighth day of April 1892, for the election of directors, and the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting. By order of the Board of Directors.

W. E. HACKEDORN, Secretary.

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